DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF AUGUSTA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Authority Members Downtown Development Authority of the City of Augusta Augusta, Georgia

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities of Downtown Development Authority of the City of Augusta, a component unit of the City of Augusta, Georgia, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph and the effects of the other matters discussed in the following paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities of the Downtown Development Authority of the City of Augusta, as of December 31, 2022, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Downtown Development Authority of the City of Augusta and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Matter Giving Rise to the Qualified Opinion

As more fully described in Note 3 to the financial statements, certain properties that are owned by the Downtown Development Authority of the City of Augusta are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements due to the inability to determine the fair market value of the properties at the date they were received. In our opinion, all capital assets should be recorded at cost, if purchased, or at fair value, if donated or contributed, to conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and those amounts should be depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The effects on the financial statements of the preceding practices are not reasonably determinable.



Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Downtown Development Authority of the City of Augusta's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that my raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Downtown Development Authority of the City of Augusta's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Downtown Development Authority of the City of Augusta's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



Other Matters

Management has omitted the management discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison statement that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Downtown Development Authority's basic financial statements. The supplementary schedule of expenses by activity is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary schedule of expenses by activity is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Serotta Moddocks Evans & Co., CPAs

Augusta, Georgia May 18, 2023

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF AUGUSTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	
Unrestricted cash	\$ 31,532
Restricted assets:	
Cash	851,065
Accounts receivable	280,022
Prepaid expenses	195
Noncurrent assets:	
Right of use asset, net	7,362
Capital assets, net	448,693
Total Assets	\$ 1,618,869
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 4,110
Accrued expenses	137,960
Payable from restricted resources:	
Accounts payable	188,164
Long-Term liabilities:	
Due within one year	7,579
Total Liabilities	337,813
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows relating to capital projects	675,166
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
Net investment in capital assets	448,693
Restricted	286,290
Unrestricted	(129,093)
	605,890
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 1,618,869

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF AUGUSTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

				PROGRAM				
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES		OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		REVI CH	(EXPENSE) ENUE AND ANGE IN POSITION
Governmental activities: Economic development	\$	542,886	\$	617,020	\$	56,400	\$	130,534
	General Revenues							
	Gain on sale of capital assets						10,000	
	Total General Revenues						10,000	
			Change in Net Position					140,534
	Net position - beginning of year						468,102	
	Cumulative effect adjustment (GASB 87)						(2,746)	
	Net position - beginning of year as restated					465,356		
		Net positi	ion - end	of year			\$	605,890

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF AUGUSTA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS		
Cash	\$	31,532
Restricted cash		851,065
Accounts receivable		280,022
Prepaid expenses		1,245
Total Assets	\$	1,163,864
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	4,110
Accrued expenses		137,960
Liabilities payable from restricted resources		188,164
Total Liabilities		330,234
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows relating to capital projects		675,166
Deferred inflows relating to capital projects		073,100
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)		
Restricted		286,290
Unassigned		(127,826)
		158,464
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	1,163,864
GOVERNMENTAL FUND	\$	158,464
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of		
net position are different because:		
Right of use assets and capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Right of use assets		7,362
Capital assets		448,693
cupital assets		456,055
Long-term liabilities, and related accrued interest and prepaid lease payments are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
		(1.050)
Prepaid rent Lease liability payable		(1,050) (7,579)
Lease Hauthly payable		(8,629)
		(0,027)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	605,890
NET LOSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Ψ)

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF AUGUSTA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

REVENUES		
Operating grants and contributions	\$	617,020
Capital grants and contributions		56,400
Total Revenues		673,420
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General government		476,201
Total Expenditures		476,201
		107.210
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		197,219
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Sale of capital assets		10,000
Total Other Financing Sources		10,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		207,219
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		(48,755)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	158,464
Net change in fund balance - governmental fund	\$	207,219
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental fund reports capital outlays as expenditures. However,		
in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over		
their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Depreciation on governmental assets		(68,164)
Government fund reports lease payments as current year expenditures		
However, in the statement of activities these commitments are reported		
as liabilities. Arising from these lease agreement are right of use assets,		
which are amortized over the lease term. Lease expense		14,590
Amortization of right of use asset		(12,621)
Interest expense on lease liability		(490)
		1,479
	_	
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	140,534

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Downtown Development Authority of the City of Augusta, Georgia (the Authority), a component unit of the City of Augusta, Georgia, conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for established governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. For the year ended December 31, 2003, the Authority adopted the provisions of GASB 33 and 34. These financial statements present only the Authority and are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City of Augusta, Georgia in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Authority serves to promote, pursue and implement economic development in downtown Augusta, Georgia. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

A. <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u>

The Authority is a discretely presented component unit of the City of Augusta, Georgia. A discretely presented component unit is a legally separate organization for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

<u>Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements</u> - The Authority's government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of Governmental Activities for the Authority. *Governmental activities* normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the Authority's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets, and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Authority considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

C. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The City of Augusta, Georgia determines the annual appropriation of funding for the Authority. All budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Authority's annual operating budget is established and approved by the Authority Board subsequent to notification of the Authority's annual appropriation from the City.

D. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Uncollectible amounts are estimated based upon past collection experience. At December 31, 2022, the allowance for doubtful accounts was zero.

E. Capital Assets

All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Contributions of property and equipment are recorded as contributions at fair value at the date the property is contributed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. Depreciation expense is reflected as an operating expense in the government-wide statement of activities.

Estimated useful lives for asset types are as follows:

Buildings 39 years Website 10 years

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. <u>Fund Equity</u>

Fund equity in government-wide and proprietary fund financials is classified as net position. Net position is classified as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets This classification represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by the remaining balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.
- Unrestricted Unrestricted net position represents net position that does not meet the definitions of the other classifications.

Fund equity in the governmental fund financial statements is classified as fund balance. Mostly, fund balance is the difference between current assets and current liabilities. In the fund statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that consist of hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Authority is required to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be expended. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be expended because they are either (1) not in spendable form or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are restrictions imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the Authority or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.
- Committed Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for a
 specific purpose pursuant to constraints imposed by the formal action of the Authority
 Board through the adoption of a formal policy. Only the Authority Board may modify or
 rescind the commitment.
- Assigned Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the Board's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The authorization to assign fund balance remains with the Authority Board.
- Unassigned Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the remaining amount when the balances do not meet any of the other classifications. The Authority reports positive fund balance in the general fund only, if applicable. Negative unassigned balances may be reported in all governmental funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

G. Flow Assumptions

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balances are available for use for expenditures incurred, the Authority's policy is to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, the Authority's policy is to use fund balances in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. Right of use Assets

Leases, as a lessee, are included as right of use assets and lease obligations on the Statement of Net Position. A right of use asset represents the Authority's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term. Lease obligations represent the Authority's liability to make lease payments arising from the lease agreement. Right of use assets and lease obligations are recognized based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term, where the initial term exceeds 12 months. The value of an option to extend or terminate a lease are reflected to the extent it is reasonably certain to be paid or exercised. Variable payments based on future performance or usage are not included in the measurement of the lease liability. Right of use assets are amortized using a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset.

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Authority has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. Deferred inflows of resources were \$675,166 at December 31, 2022.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

K. New Accounting Pronouncements

In the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, the Authority adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The primary objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of government's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The cumulative effect of GASB No. 87 is described Note 5 to the financial statements

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Concentration and Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. At December 31, 2022, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits was \$882,597, and the bank balance was \$896,369. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$250,000 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent not in the Authority's name were \$646,369.

Credit Risk

The Authority's policy is in accordance with Section 36-83-4 of the State of Georgia Code of Laws which allows for deposits and investments as follows:

- a) Obligations of Georgia or of other states;
- b) Obligations issued by the United States government;
- c) Obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States government or a United States government agency;
- d) Obligations of any corporation of the United States government;
- e) Prime bankers' acceptances;
- f) The local government investment pool established by Code Section 36-83-8;
- g) Repurchase agreements;
- h) Obligations of other political subdivisions of Georgia; and
- i) Deposit accounts with eligible depository institutions.

NOTE 3 - RIGHT OF USE ASSETS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

Right of use assets below are shown restated because of the adoption of GASB 87, *Leases*. Activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

RE	STATED						
BA	LANCE					BA	LANCE
12	/31/2021	ADDITIONS		DISPOSALS		12	/31/2022
	_						_
\$	52,243	\$	-	\$	-	\$	52,243
	10,863		-		-		10,863
	63,106		-		-		63,106
	(35,699)	(1	0,449)		-		(46,148)
	(7,424)	(2,172)				(9,596)
	(43,123)	(1	2,621)		-		(55,744)
\$	19,983	\$ (1	2,621)	\$	-	\$	7,362
	12.	\$ 52,243 10,863 63,106 (35,699) (7,424) (43,123)	BALANCE 12/31/2021 ADDI \$ 52,243 \$ 10,863 63,106 (35,699) (1 (7,424) ((43,123) (1	BALANCE 12/31/2021 ADDITIONS \$ 52,243 \$ - 10,863 - 63,106 - (35,699) (10,449) (7,424) (2,172) (43,123) (12,621)	BALANCE 12/31/2021 ADDITIONS DISP \$ 52,243 \$ - \$ 10,863 - 63,106 - (35,699) (10,449) (7,424) (2,172) (43,123) (12,621)	BALANCE 12/31/2021 ADDITIONS DISPOSALS \$ 52,243 \$ - \$ - \$ 10,863 - - 63,106 - - (35,699) (10,449) - (7,424) (2,172) - (43,123) (12,621) -	12/31/2021 ADDITIONS DISPOSALS 12/31/2021 \$ 52,243 \$ - \$ - \$ 10,863 63,106 - - (35,699) (10,449) - (7,424) (2,172) - (43,123) (12,621) -

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	BALANCE			BALANCE
	12/31/2021	ADDITIONS DISPOSALS		12/31/2022
Capital assets:				
Port Royal parking deck	\$ 2,600,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,600,000
Website	15,000	-	-	15,000
Total Capital assets	2,615,000	-	-	2,615,000
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Port Royal parking deck	(2,096,643)	(66,664)	-	(2,163,307)
Website	(1,500)	(1,500)		(3,000)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,098,143)	(68,164)	-	(2,166,307)
Capital assets, net	\$ 516,857	\$ (68,164)	\$ -	\$ 448,693

Depreciation and amortization expense for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$68,164 and \$12,621, respectively.

The Authority owns additional properties which were contributed in prior years. The Authority did not obtain valuations of the properties at the date of contribution and records are not available to reflect the correct fair market value of the properties on the date contributed. Therefore, the Authority's financial statements do not reflect the value of these properties. If the property values were attainable, the net position of the Authority would increase by the respective property values.

NOTE 3 - RIGHT OF USE ASSETS AND CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

The assets that are excluded from the financial statements are as follows:

Date Property was Transferred	Property Description
August 6, 1991	1 Seventh Street, Augusta, GA
April 18, 1994	1B James Brown Boulevard, Augusta, GA
December 20, 1999	925 Reynolds Street, Augusta, GA
April 11, 2000	3 Eighth Street, Augusta, GA

NOTE 4 - LEASES PAYABLE

The Authority has acquired office space and a copier under the provisions of various contracts that convey control of the right to use another entity's asset for a period of time in an exchange-like transaction. These contracts are classified as leases for accounting purposes.

The following assets were acquired through leases and are reflected in the statement of financial position at fiscal year end.

	Go	vernmental
	A	Activities
Right-To-Use Equipment	\$	63,106
Less: Accumulated Amortization		55,744
	\$	7,362

Leases currently outstanding are as follows:

				\mathbf{N}	Ionthly				
	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Pri	ncipal &	Α	mount	A	mount
Purpose	Rates	Date	Date	I	nterest		Issued	Out	standing
Office	3.00%	8/1/2018	7/1/2023	\$	1,050	\$	52,243	\$	6,227
Copier	2.96%	7/30/2018	7/30/2023		195		10,863		1,352
				\$	1,245	\$	63,106	\$	7,579

The following is a schedule of total lease payments:

Year Ended 12/31	Pr	Principal			erest
2023	\$	7,579	_	\$	86
Total Principal and Interest	\$	7,579		\$	86

NOTE 5 - RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET POSITION

For fiscal year 2022, the Authority made prior period adjustments due to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87, as described in "New Accounting Pronouncements," which requires the restatement of the December 31, 2021 net position in the governmental activities. These changes are in accordance with generally accepted account principles.

Net Position, December 31, 2021, as previously reported	\$ 468,102
Prior Period Adjustment - Implementation of GASB No. 87: Leases	(2,746)
Net Position, December 31, 2021, as restated	\$ 465,356

Net position in Governmental Activities as of December 31, 2021, has been restated for implementation of GASB 87. These changes are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 6 - MEMORANDA OF UNDERSTANDING

The Authority has entered into two memoranda of understanding (MOU) during the year with the Augusta-Richmond County Government (Augusta) and ACE, LLC for maintenance and communication projects for the City funded by the American Rescue Plan (the "Plan"). The first MOU, signed with the Augusta-Richmond County Government, stipulates that the Authority will use \$1,000,000 from the Plan for city maintenance, communication, and blight removal. The Authority is required to keep the funds received for this project in a separate bank account. The second MOU stipulates that ACE, LLC will provide the downtown maintenance and upkeep as required by the first MOU. The Authority has recognized \$450,000 in revenues and \$204,760 in expenses relating to this project as of the year ended December 31, 2022.

NOTE 7 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Authority received grant funds in the amount of \$50,000 from a business that employed a board member during the year ended December 31, 2022.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (See Independent Auditor's Report)

DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF AUGUSTA SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF EXPENSES BY ACTIVITY YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:

Economic Development:

Professional fees	\$ 28,410
Salaries	135,955
Depreciation	68,164
Amortization	12,621
Dedicated maintenance expense	204,760
Riverwalk improvements (SPLOST)	6,400
Matching grant program	45,000
Telephone	4,569
Christmas Light-up Spectacular	5,000
Operating expenses	13,959
Utilities	3,120
Office supplies	2,865
Insurance	2,538
Advertising and marketing	4,165
Memberships	335
Partnership development	3,332
Postage	58
Economic development	 1,635
Total Economic Development	 542,886
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 542,886